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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/823,400	03/29/2001	Jay H. Connelly	42390P10860	8766
8791 7590 03/22/2007 BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN 12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD SEVENTH FLOOR LOS ANGELES, CA 90025-1030			EXAMINER	
			LAMBRECHT, CHRISTOPHER M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	·, •		2623	
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SHORTENED STATUTORY	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MON	NTUC	03/22/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/823,400	CONNELLY, JAY H.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Christopher M. Lambrecht	2623			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status	•	•			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 De	<u>ecember 2006</u> .				
,—	☐ This action is FINAL. 2b)☑ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-12,14 and 16-24 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-12,14 and 16-24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	(PTO-413)				
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/16/2006, 12/06/2006. 	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-12, 14, and 16-24 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-12, 14, 16-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Peterson et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,594,682, in view of Sahai et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,594,699.

Regarding claims 1 and 20, Peterson discloses a computing device [client 24, figs. 1 & 2] comprising a machine-readable medium [system memory 34, fig. 2] and a processor [processing unit 32, fig. 2], the machine-readable medium including instructions (see "program modules" [col. 7, Il. 58-64]) which when executed by the processor cause the processor to perform operations [a method] comprising:

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receiving [210, fig. 7] a plurality of streaming content description data [index 30, fig. 3; col. 6, ll. 16-26] about a plurality of streaming content (see "video or audio played at the server" [col. 5, ll. 61-63]);

receiving [210, fig. 7] a plurality of stored content descriptions data [index 30, fig. 3; col. 6, ll. 16-26] about a plurality of stored content (see "page stored at a web site" [col. 5, ll. 54-57]);

providing [200, fig. 7] a program guide including at least some of the streaming content description data and at least some of the stored content description data [col. 6, ll. 58-67 & col. 11, ll. 8-12];

invoking [208, fig. 7] by a coordinator [browser 90, figs. 2, 3] a first content manager (see "delivery module" [112 or 114, fig. 3; col. 9, ll. 31-53]) when either a first streamed content is selected or a first stored content is selected [col. 9, ll. 15-31] via the program guide (*i.e.*, responsive to the content schedule [col. 11, ll. 8-18]), wherein the first streamed content and the first stored content are a first digital data type (*i.e.*, "broadcast" or "multicast" protocol [col. 9, ll. 42-49]); and

invoking [208, fig. 7] by a coordinator [browser 90, figs. 2, 3] a second content manager [110, fig. 3; col. 9, ll. 31-53] when a user selects [col. 6, ll. 42-47] either a second streamed content or a second stored content via the program guide, wherein the second streamed content and the second stored content are a second digital data type (*i.e.*, "point-to-point" protocol [col. 5, l. 67 - col. 6, l. 2]) and wherein the first digital data type and the second digital data type are different [col. 6, ll. 38-58].

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Peterson further discloses the coordinator invokes the appropriate content manager (col. 11, ll. 19-24) to control the system hardware to retrieve content based on the digital data type (col. 9, ll. 21-30). Peterson fails to disclose the first and second content managers register with the coordinator by informing the coordinator of the first and second data types.

However, in an analogous art, Sahai discloses first and second content managers (media players) that register with a coordinator (browser) by informing the coordinator of the first and second data types (using MIME types, col. 5, ll. 26-41, l. 66 - col. 6, l. 8), thereby enabling the coordinator to invoke the first or second content manager based on the selected digital data type (col. 5, ll. 59-63). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system taught by Peterson to include registering the first and second content managers with the coordinator by specifying the particular data type, as taught by Sahai, thereby enabling the manager to invoke the appropriate content manager based on the selected data type.

As to claims 2 and 21, Peterson and Sahai together disclose the system and corresponding method of claims 1 and 20. In addition, Peterson discloses receiving a request to present the selected stored content [220, fig. 7]; and presenting the selected stored content [222, fig. 7].

As to claims 3 and 22, Peterson and Sahai together disclose the system and corresponding method of claims 1 and 20. In addition, Peterson discloses receiving a

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request to provide a plurality of details about a selected stored content [218, fig. 7]; presenting the details about the selected stored content [218, fig. 7].

As to claims 4 and 23, Peterson and Sahai together disclose the system and corresponding method of claims 1 and 20. In addition, Peterson discloses receiving a request to present a selected streaming content [220, fig. 7]; presenting the selected streaming content [222, fig. 7].

As to claims 5 and 24, Peterson and Sahai together disclose the system and corresponding method of claims 1 and 20. In addition, Peterson discloses receiving a request to provide a plurality of details about a selected streaming content [218, fig. 7]; presenting the details about the selected stored content [218, fig. 7].

Regarding claims 6 and 8, Peterson and Sahai together disclose the method and computing device of claims 2 and 4, but fail to disclose decrypting the stored content and decrypting the streaming content. Official notice is taken of the fact that it is well known in the art to encrypt both streaming and stored media content in order to limit access to said content to authorized viewers, and likewise it is well known in the art for content receivers to include decryption means to decrypt encrypted media content when appropriate, for the purpose of permitting authorized users to enjoy said encrypted content. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system of Peterson and Sahai to include decrypting the stored content and decrypting the streaming content, for the purpose of permitting authorized users to enjoy encrypted content in a multimedia distribution system.

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Regarding claims 7 and 9, Peterson and Sahai together disclose the methods of claims 2 and 4. Sahai further discloses decompressing the stored content and streaming content (see decoders, col. 6, ll. 17-21).

Regarding claim 12, see Peterson and Sahai as applied to claims 1 and 20, above. In addition, Peterson discloses a system comprising the claimed coordinator [operating system 60, fig. 2; col. 7, 1. 62 - col. 8, 1. 1].

Regarding claims 10, 11, 18, and 19, Peterson and Sahai together disclose the method and computing device of claims 1 and 12, but fail to disclose receiving a content manager update and receiving a new content manager. Official notice is taken of the fact that it is well known in the art to replace or update an application program in a computing device for the purpose of upgrading older software to a newer, improved version.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system of Peterson and Sahai to include receiving a content manager update and receiving a new content manager, for the purpose of upgrading older software to a newer, improved version.

As to claim 14, Peterson and Sahai together disclose the system of claim 12. In addition, Peterson discloses wherein the coordinator invokes a content manager to present a selected content [user interface 140, fig. 3; col. 10, II. 60-63].

Regarding to claims 16 and 17, see the rejection of claims 6-9, above. In addition, Peterson discloses the coordinator and each content manager comprise a presentation component [video adapter 76, fig. 2; col. 8, ll. 14-18].

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher M. Lambrecht whose telephone number is (571) 272-7297. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 9:30 AM to 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Miller can be reached on (571) 272-7353. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Christopher M. Lambrecht

Examiner

Art Unit 2623

cml

JOHN MILLER
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